



GaN RF

New Generations for Space Telecom



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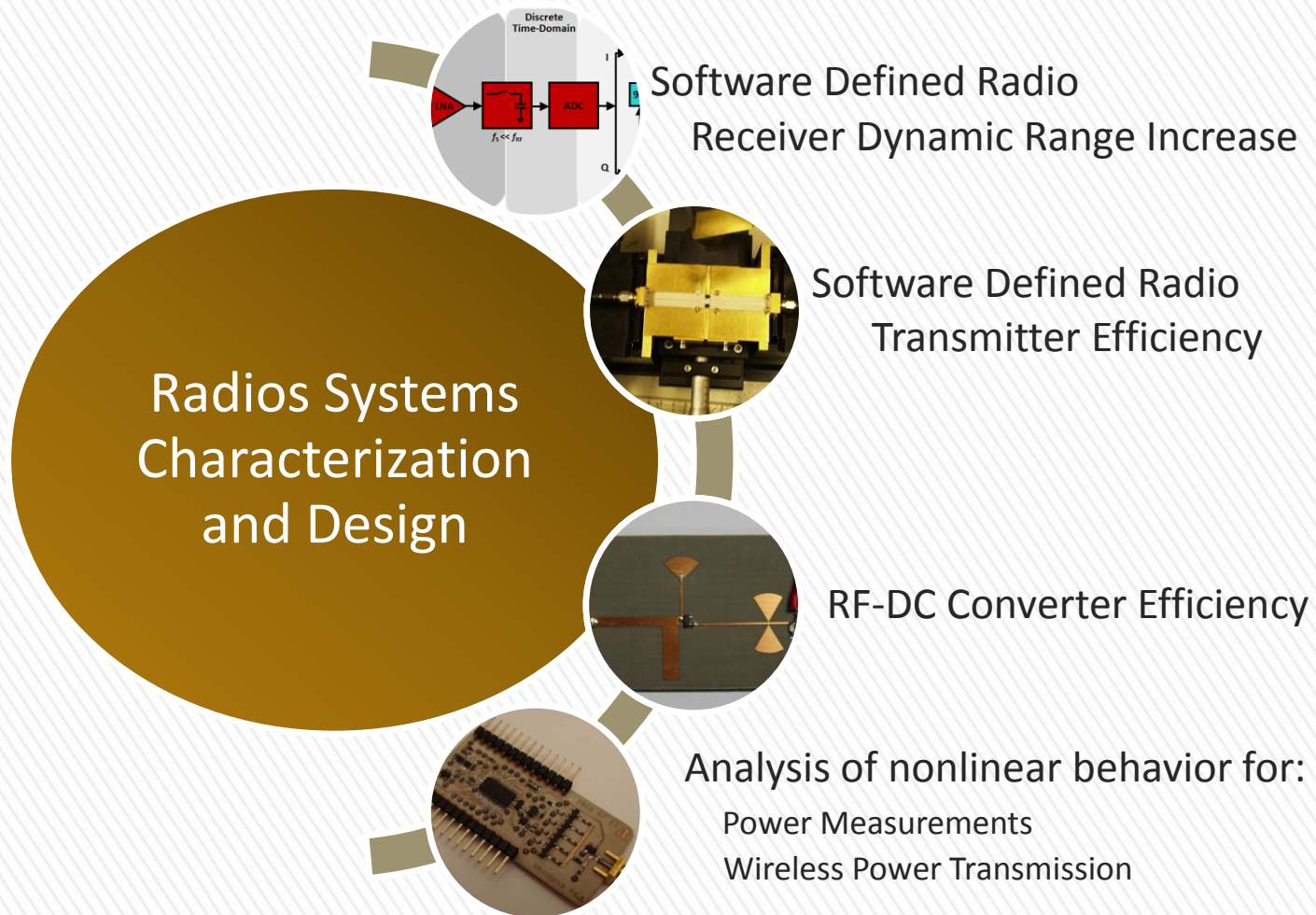


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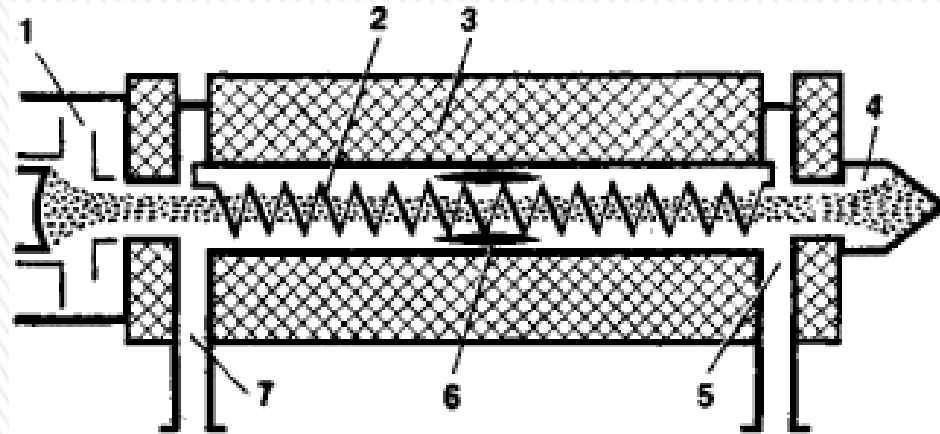


-> IT Aveiro -> Radio Systems



RF Payloads

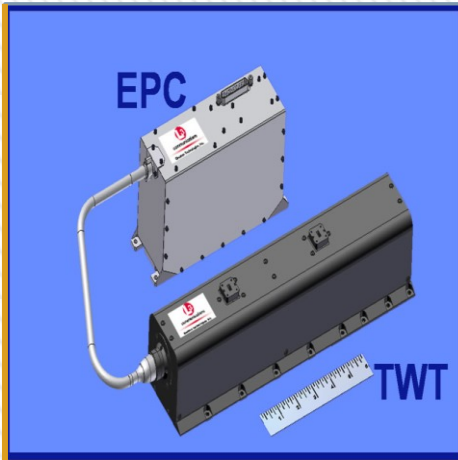
RF Payloads impose high value of power been delivered to earth ...



Travelling Wave Tube Amplifiers – TWTA – Still been used intensively in space applications ...

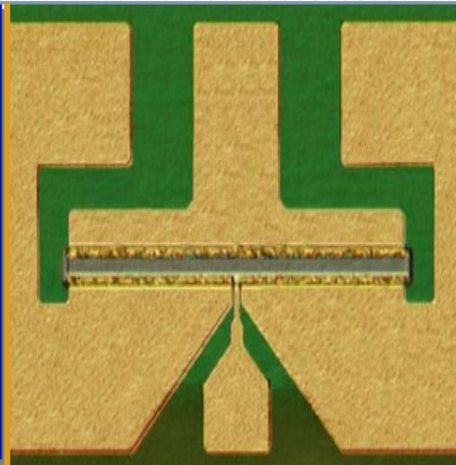


Evolution of RF Payload Power Transmission



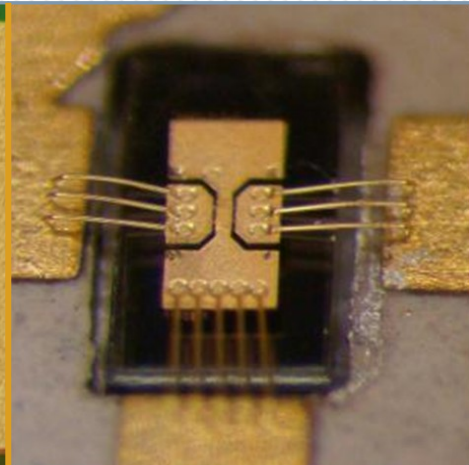
TWTA

Heavy, Expensive, big sized ...



GaAs

Low Power capabilities, good for low noise applications



GaN

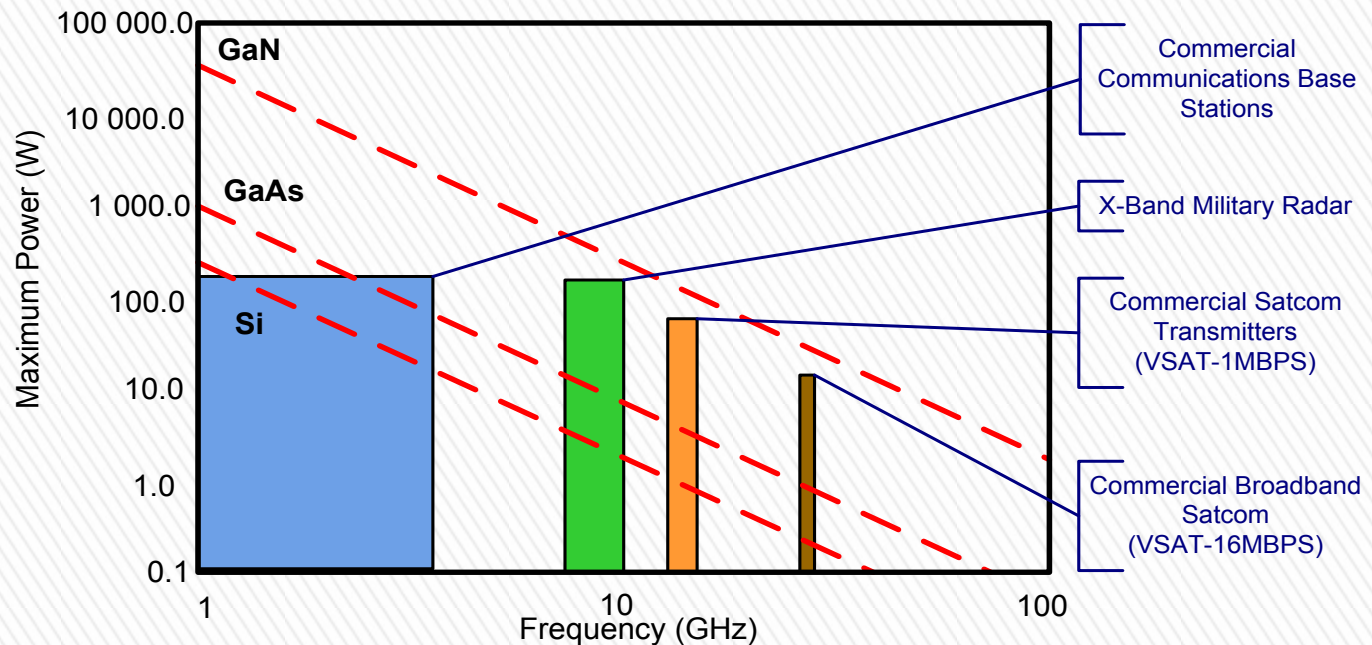
Promising Technology for high power and also low noise applications



Evolution of RF Payload Power Transmission

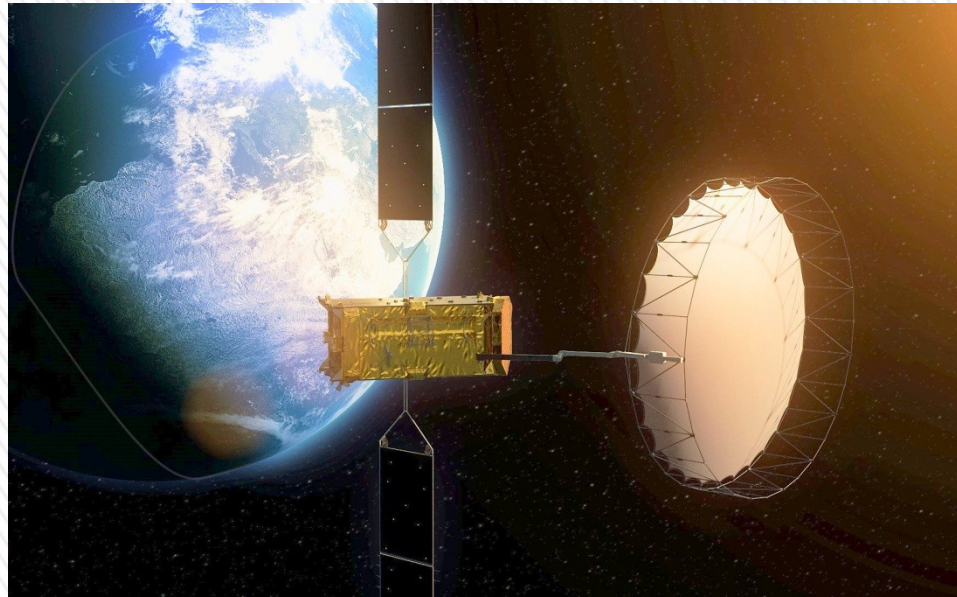
Why GaN on space ?

Power and Frequency Theoretical limits for Si, GaAs and GaN devices



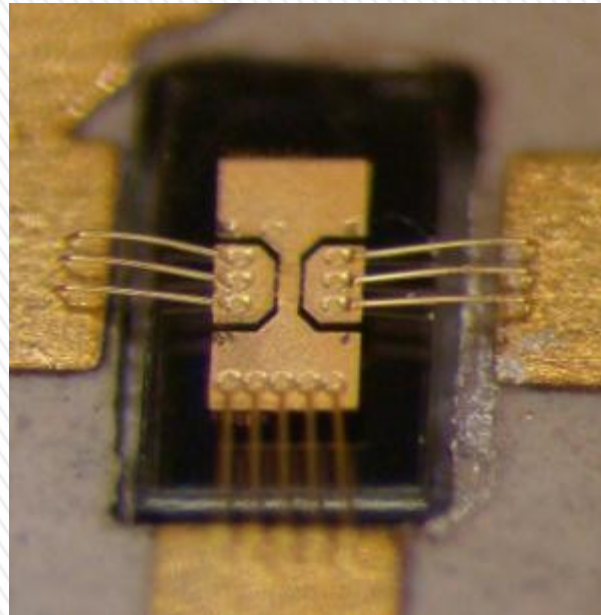
Introduction and motivation

» AlphaSat project and Participants



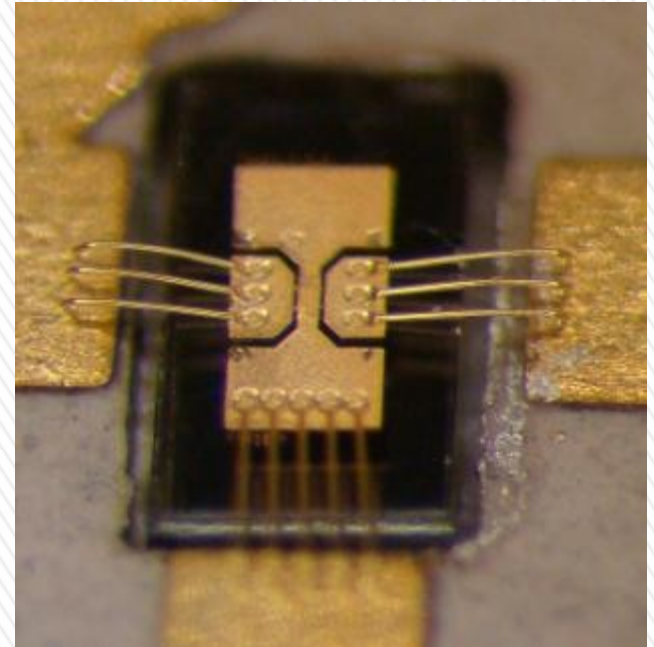
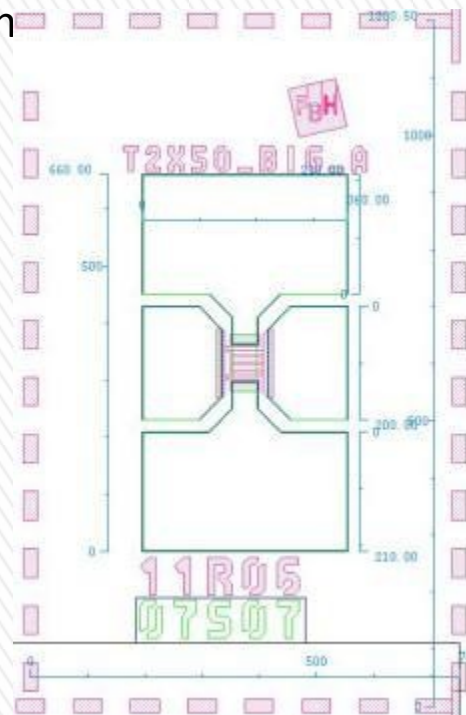
Introduction and motivation

The main objective of the project is to test GaN Technology in space, mainly European versions.



GaN Technology

- Transistor technology supplied by FBH
(Ferdinand-Braun-Institut)
- Cosmic radiation immunity
- High frequency operation
- High power handling



Circuit Selection

○ Amplifier

Pros: Optimum for mimic future applications of GaN technology onboard of satellites, possibility to study TWTA future changes.

Cons: High values of consumed power, need for external signal source and driver circuit, mass increase due to several circuits need for data gathering.

○ Oscillator

Pros: No need for extra signal excitation sources, possibility of including all circuitry and its measurement systems inside the same box, reduction of power consumption and mass.

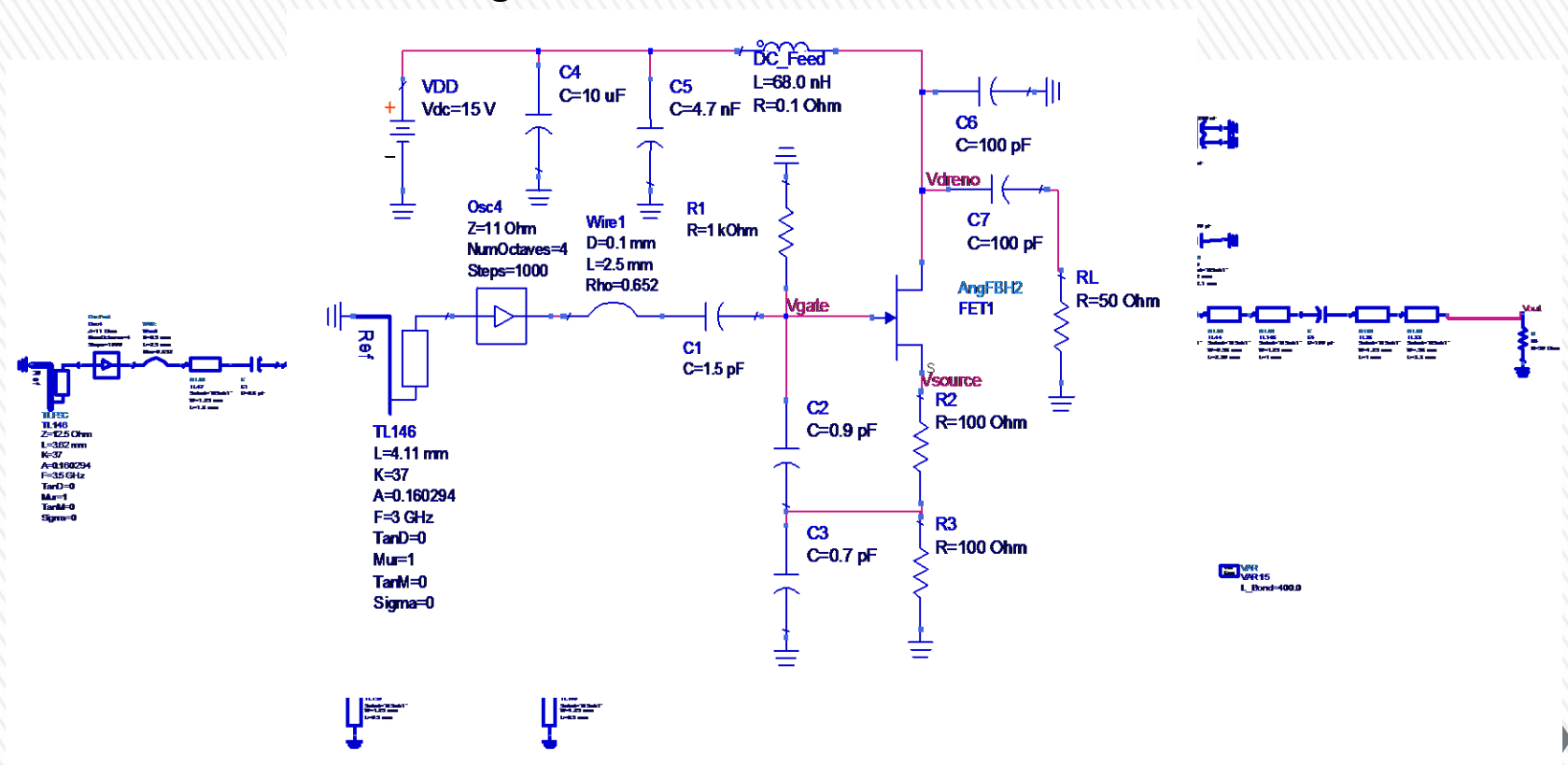
Cons: Do not excite all characteristics of the technology under study.

Selected Circuit



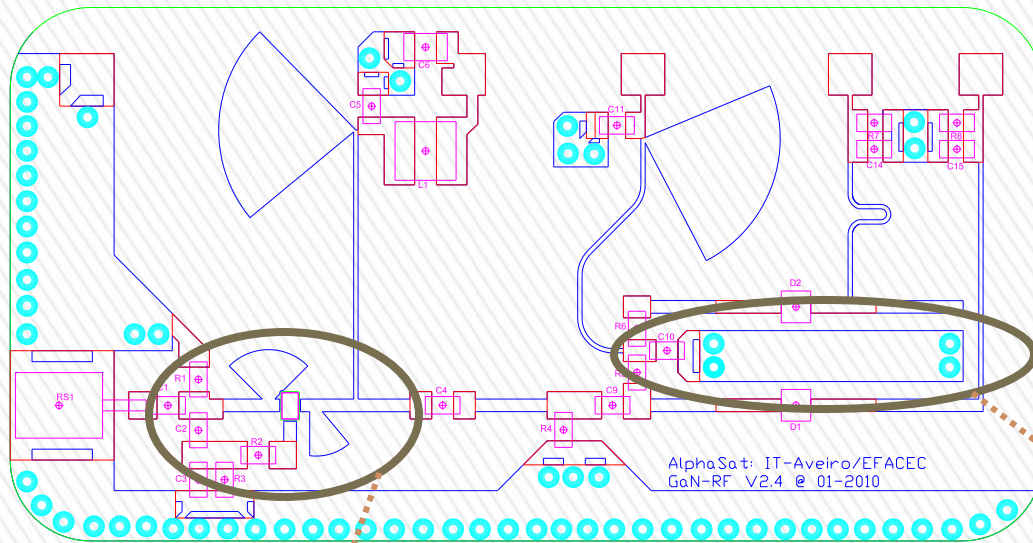
Oscillator Circuit

- Oscillator based on traditional Colpitz configuration
- Frequency of oscillations imposed by payload restrictions (near 2GHz)
- Ceramic resonator for high Q

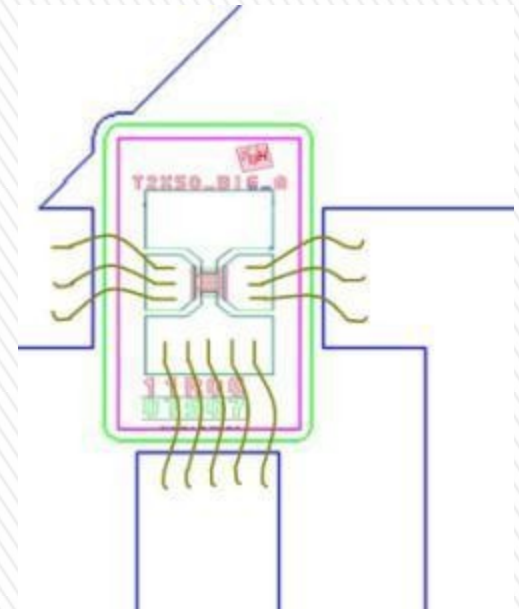


Oscillator Circuit

- Prototype should consider high frequency oscillations due to impressive transistor quality
- Oscillations near 12-15GHz.



Stubs for high frequency spurious reduction

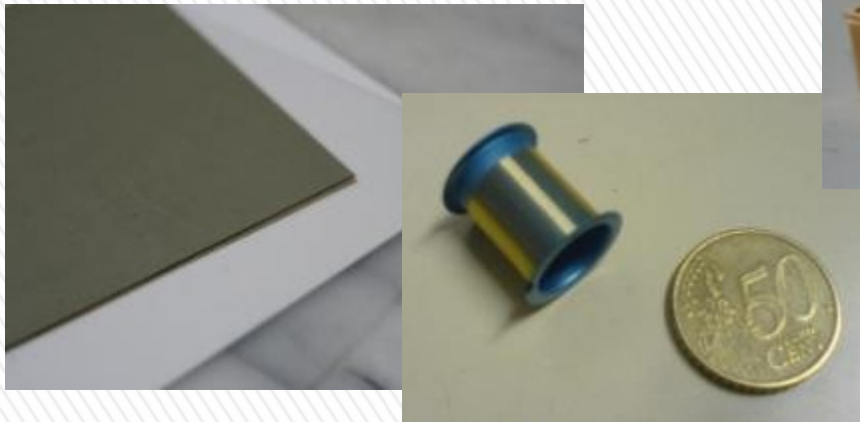
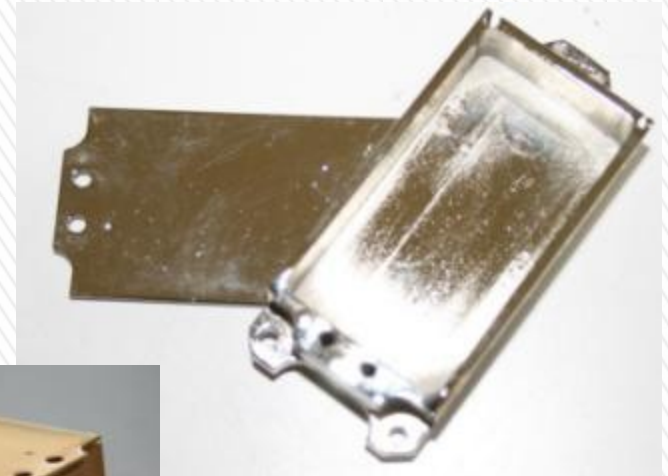


Measurement circuit
Power measurement

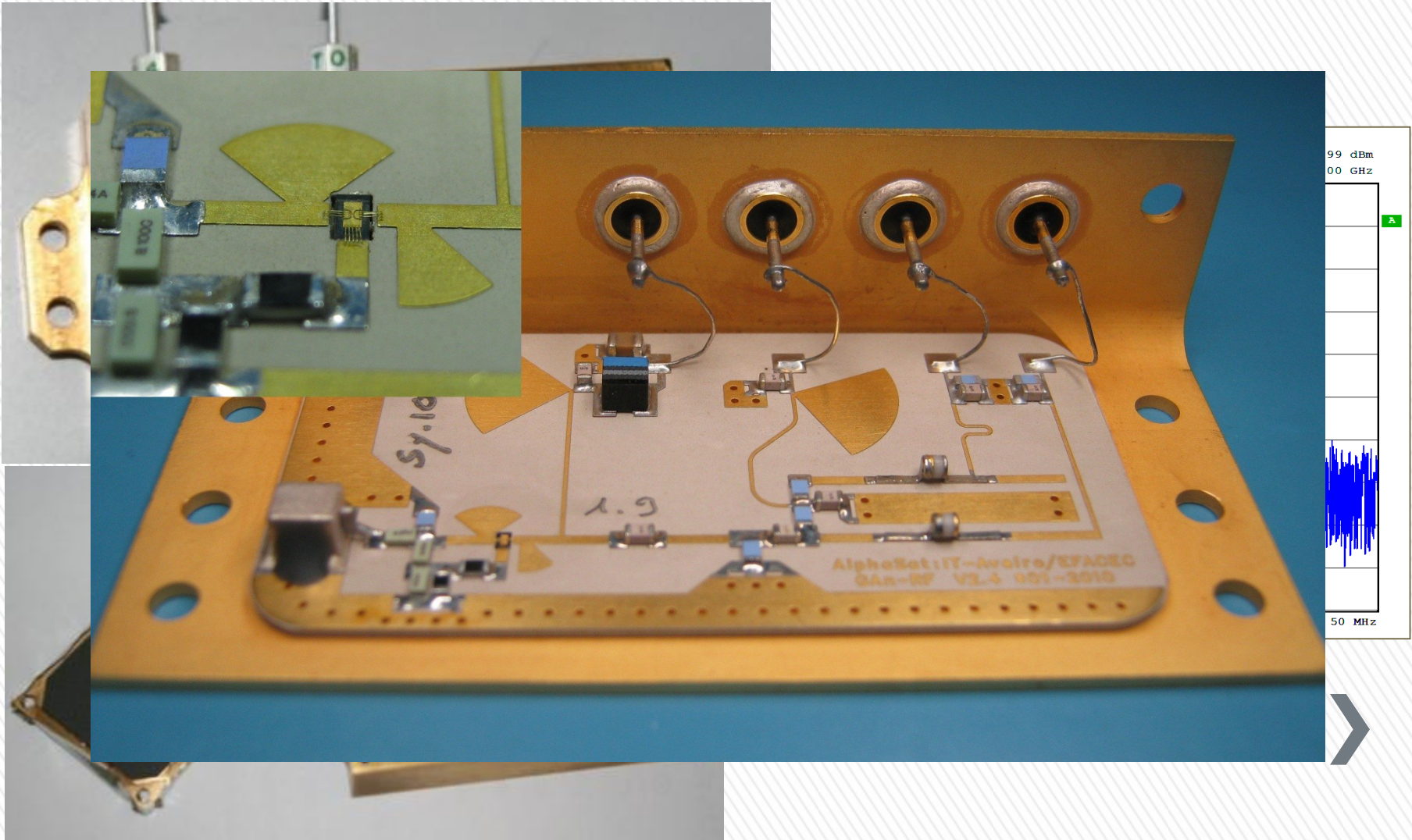


Oscillator Prototype

- > Optimization of size and box weight, hardness
 - » Concerns with material CET, electrical and thermal conductivity.
 - » Gold wire for bonding
 - » Epoxy glues to attach chip
 - » Adhesives glues to PCB
 - » Nickel and gold plating
 - » Bonding with gold wire



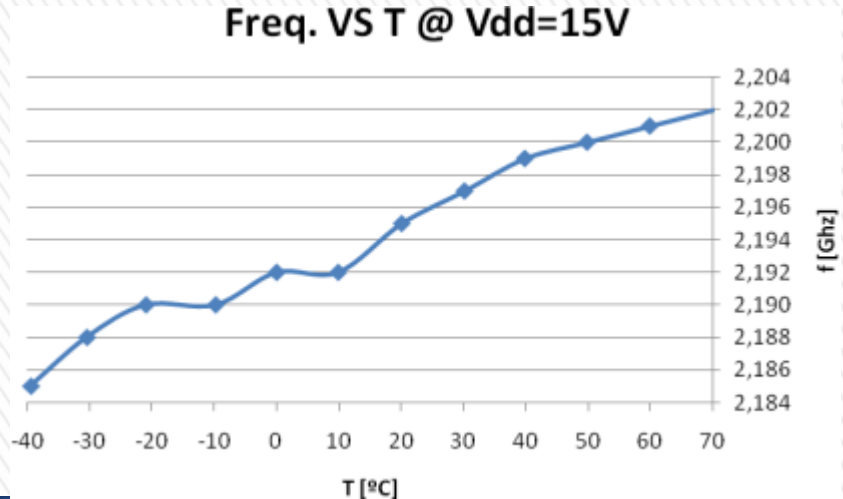
Oscillator Prototype



Oscillator Prototype

Thermal test cycles

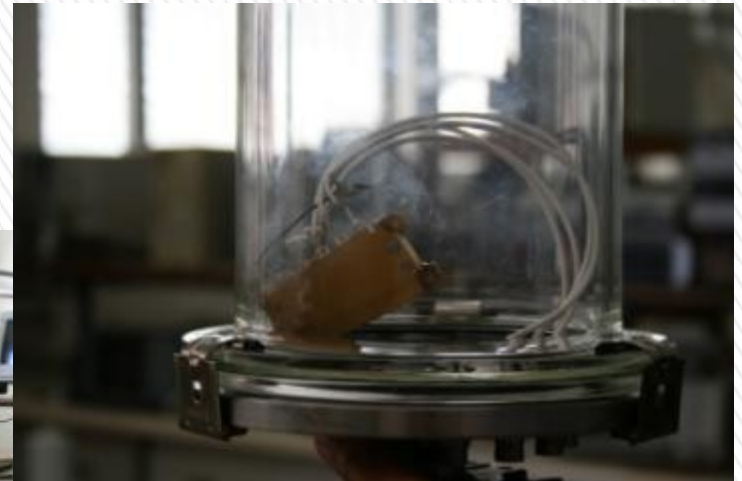
Between -20°C and 70°C a maximum frequency drift of 12 MHz.



Oscillator Prototype

Vacuum tests

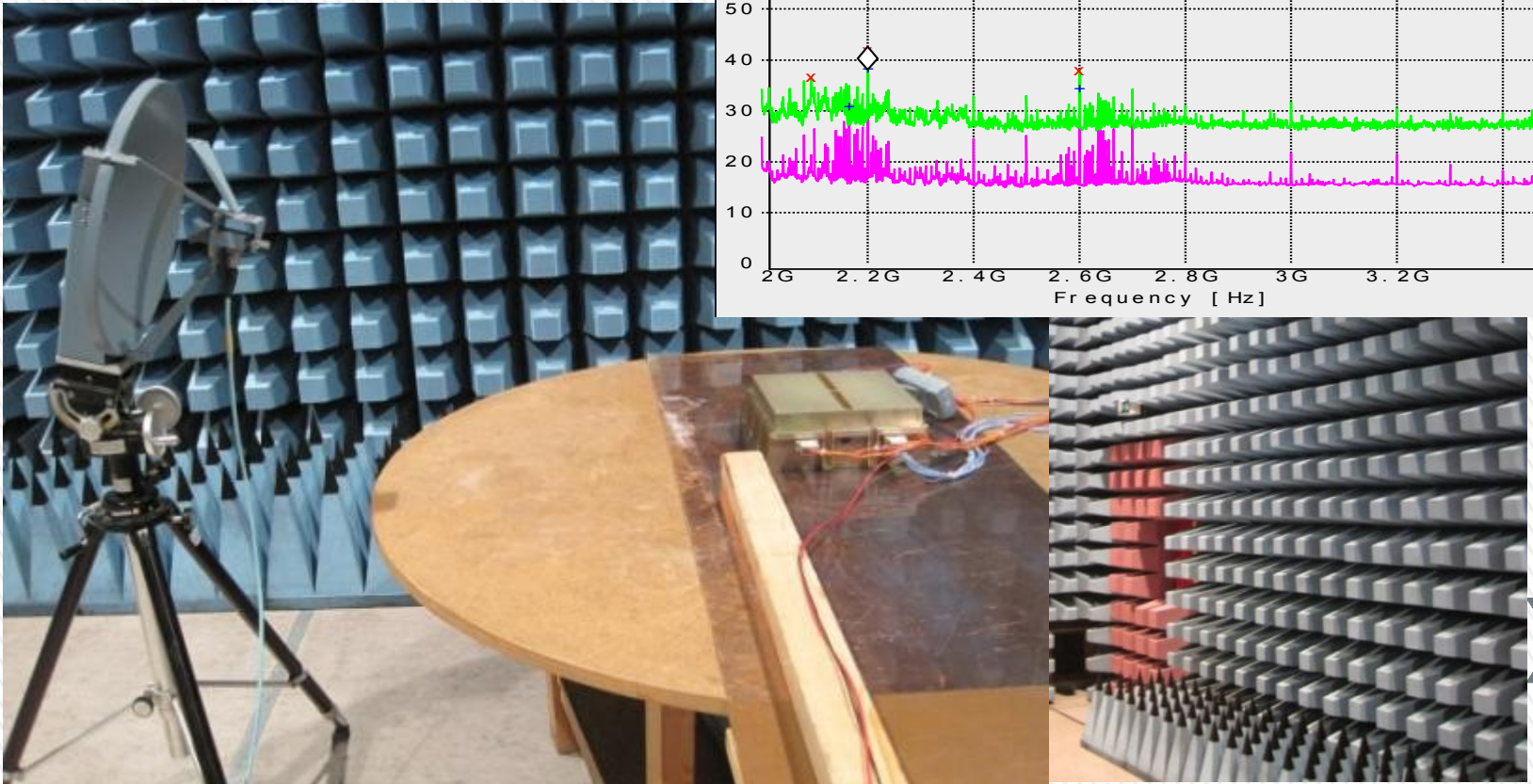
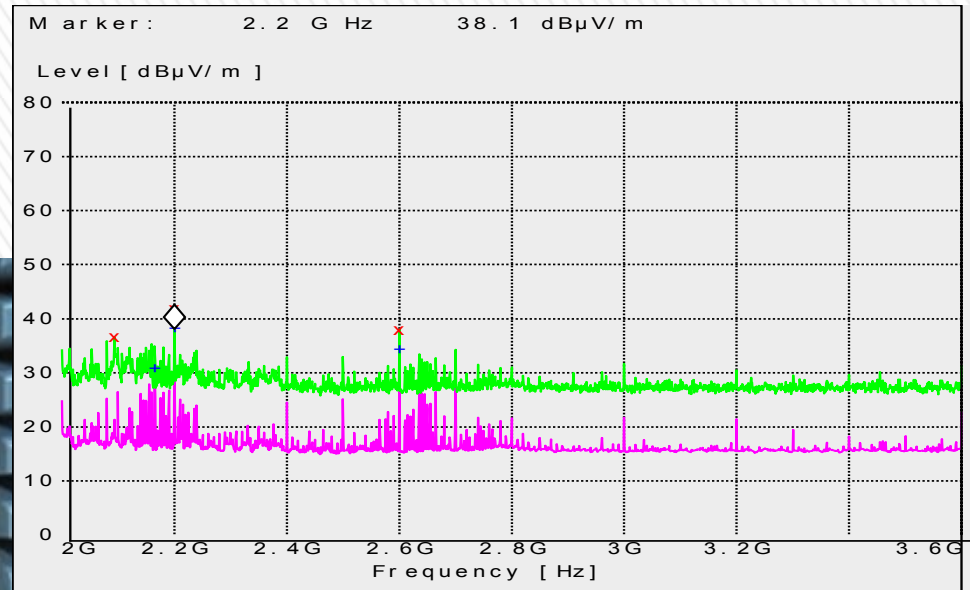
To avoid any particles or gases released
not expected



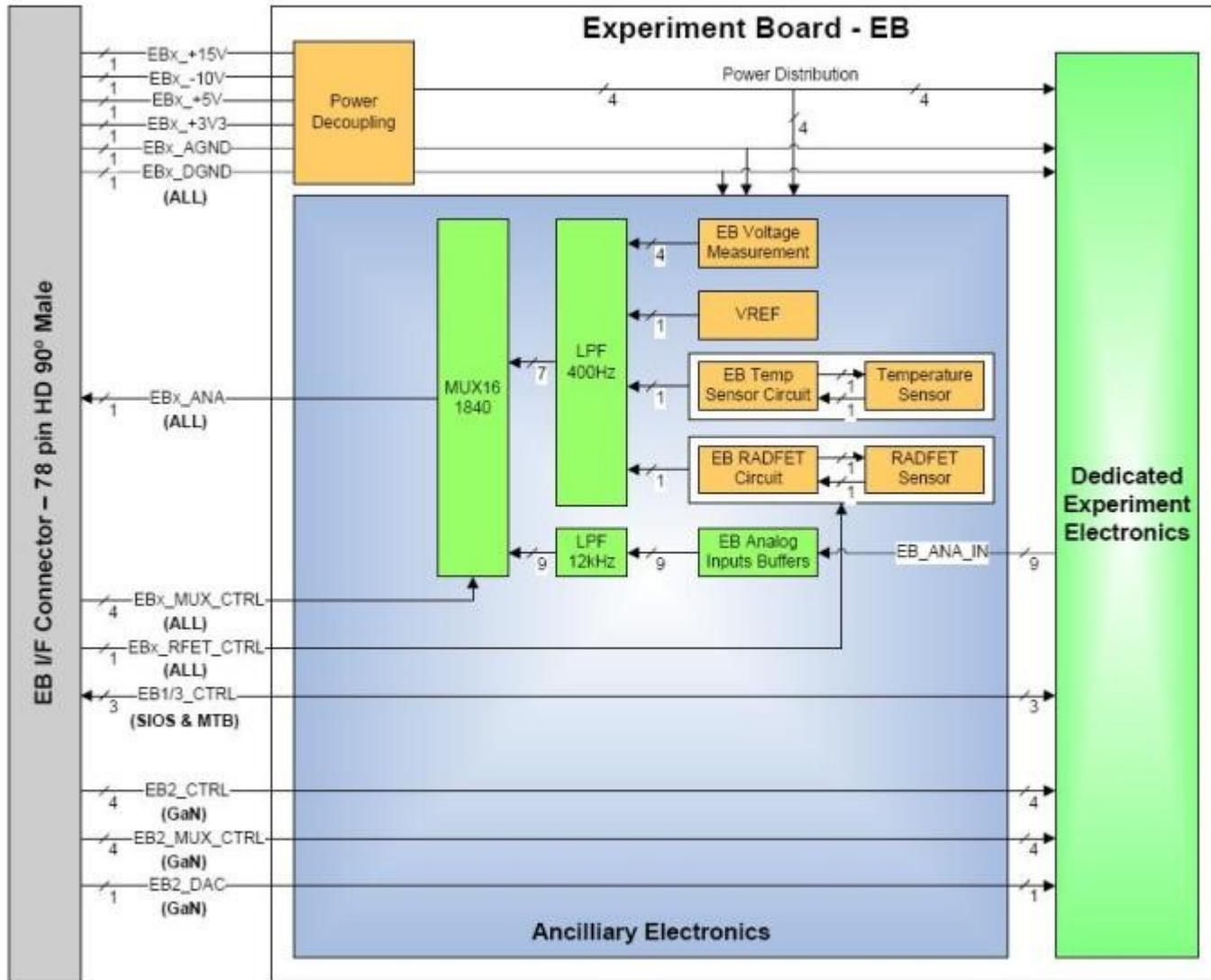
Oscillator Prototype

EMC tests

- US Military, agreement concern



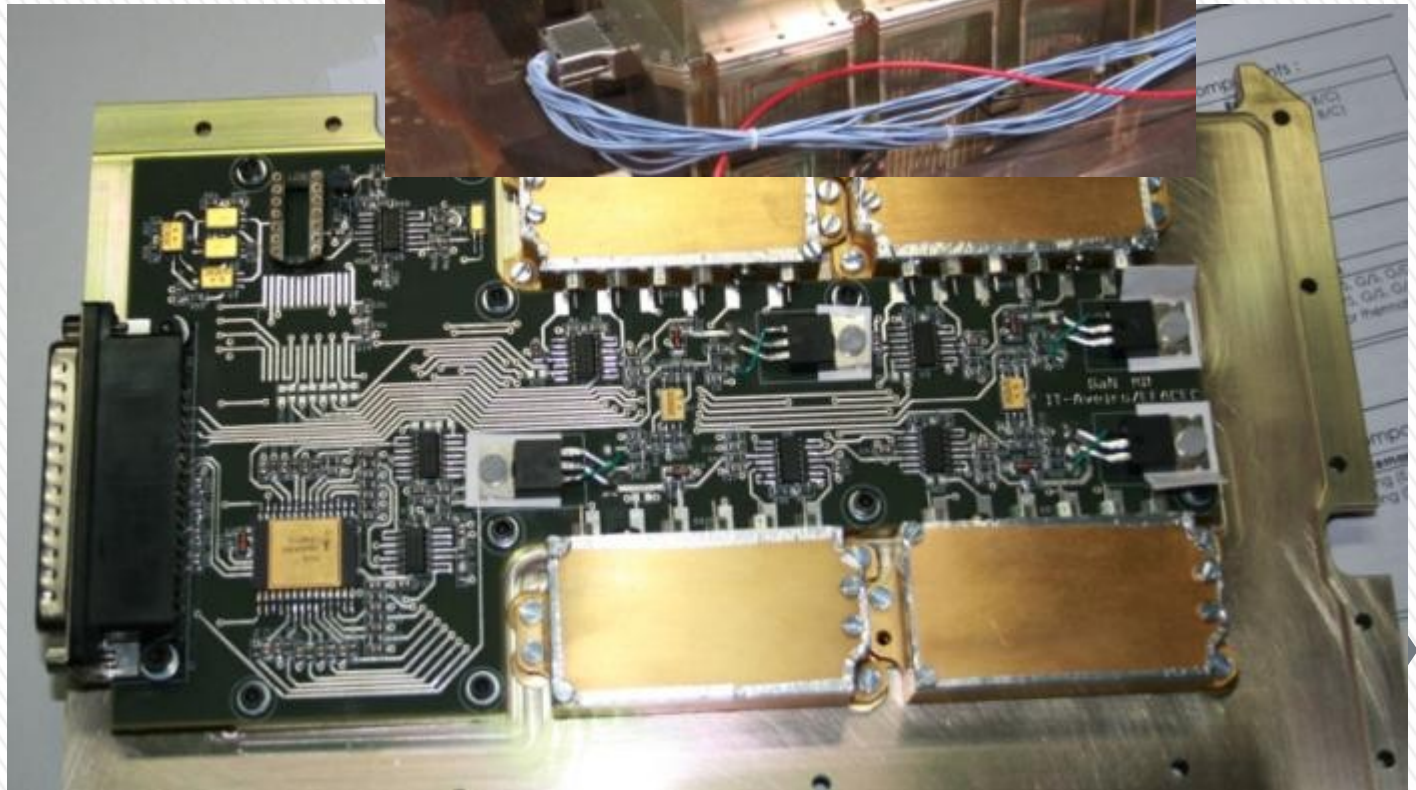
Overall experiment



Final prototype

Oscillators:

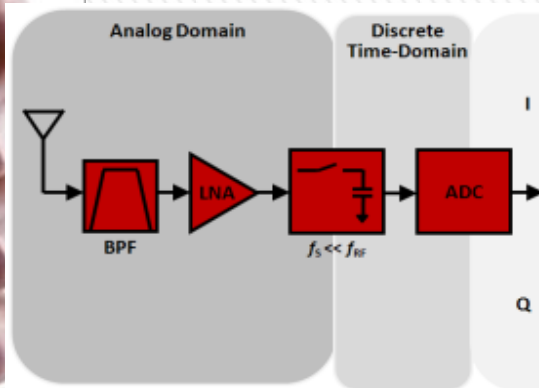
Supply and control
RF power,
 I_d
Supply values
temperature
Radiation level
measurements



Challenges University of Aveiro Approach

Improved Radios will have impose clever ways to power management.

**This implies that radios will have “intelligence”
from its own.**



**1º Prémio PLUG APRITEL
2010**



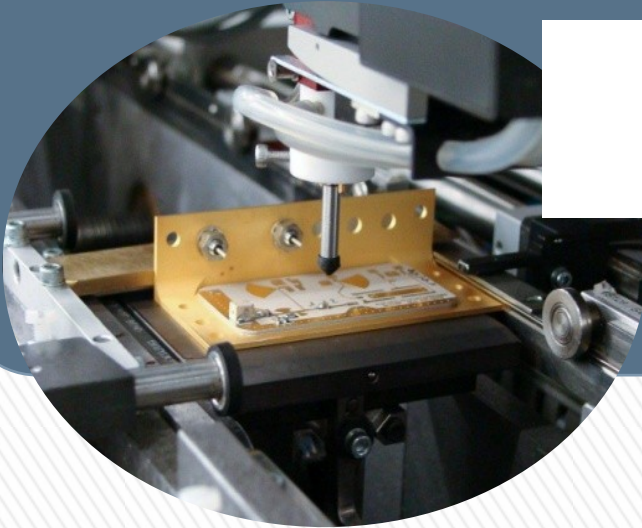
Acknowledgements

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Prof. Mendiratta and Eng. Jorge Monteiro for the vacuum tests
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