

PCAN-B10011S

Converter High-speed CAN to
Truck Trailer CAN

User Manual



Products taken into account

Product Name	Model	Item Number
PCAN-B10011S		IPEH-002041

Last Updates

March 23, 2005

First edition

February 24, 2006

- └ Minor text corrections
- └ Added technical specifications

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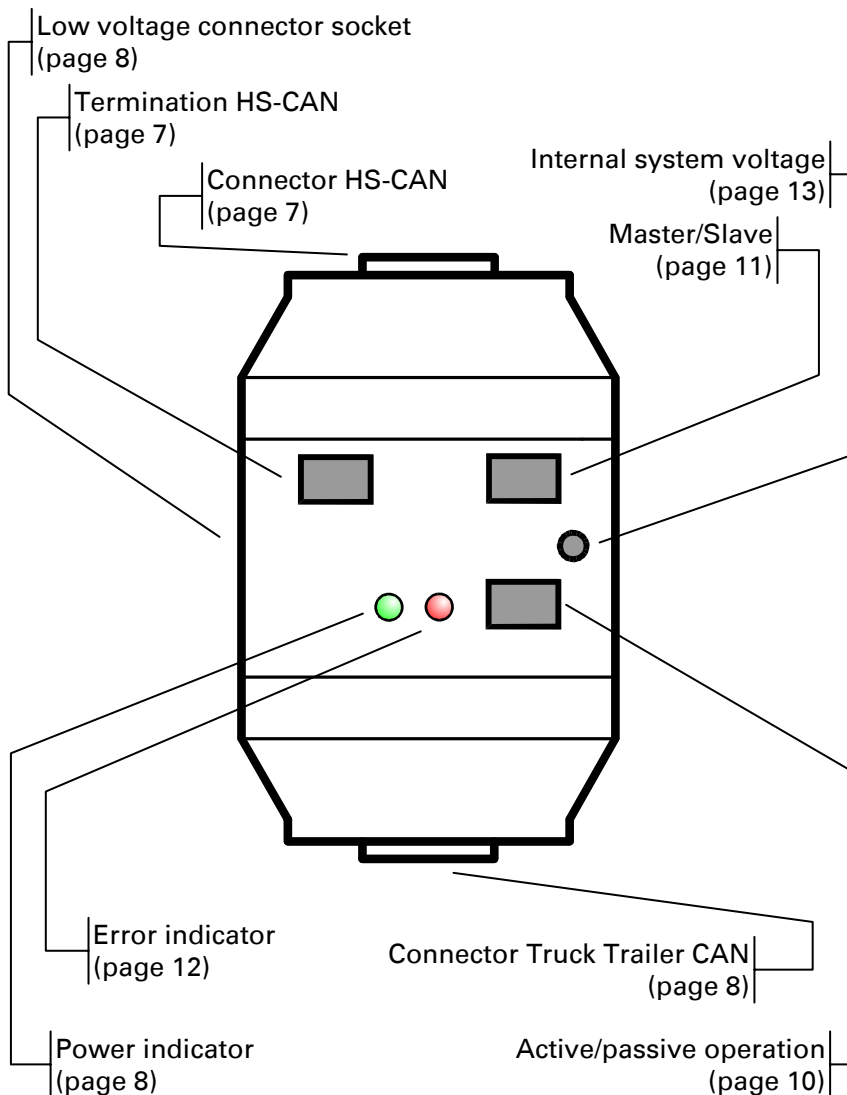
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Converter Elements



1 Introduction



Tip: At the end of this manual (Appendix B) you can find a **Quick Reference** with brief information about the installation and operation of the PCAN-B10011S.

The bus converter PCAN-B10011S establishes a connection between a High-speed CAN node and a Truck Trailer CAN (ISO 11992-1). The Truck Trailer CAN is, as the name already implies, a communication link between a truck and its trailer. The bus converter makes this communication accessible for the commonly used High-speed CAN. The special conditions of this environment are taken into account, like long wires, high levels of disturbance, high voltage deviation, and a small amount of data.

A Truck Trailer CAN consists of at least two nodes. The connection is done via a two-wire line. The power supply may be done locally or via the cable from the towcar, where the reference point is the local bodywork. Bodyworks from the towcar and the trailer are connected. Due to this configuration there are potential differences and disturbances the Truck Trailer CAN is optimized for. The transfer rate is significantly lower than in a High-speed CAN.

The bus converter's design uses the CAN transceiver B10011S from Atmel. This is the reason for the bus converter's choice of name.

1.1 Properties at a Glance

- Direct connection to a HS-CAN component (Sub-D socket, 9 pins)
- Switchable termination for HS-CAN
- Connection of the Truck Trailer CAN via 9-pin Sub-D plug

- └ Selection of the operation modes for the Truck Trailer CAN with slide switches
- └ Transfer rates up to 125 kBit/s
- └ Power supply via the Truck Trailer CAN bus or independently with an AC adaptor
- └ LEDs indicate existing power supply and errors

1.2 System Requirements

The following prerequisites must be given, so that the PCAN-B10011S can be used properly:

- └ Existing power supply (usually 24 V DC) via Truck Trailer CAN bus (see section 2 *Installation*)
 - or –
- └ Possibility for supply with provided AC adaptor

1.3 Scope of supply

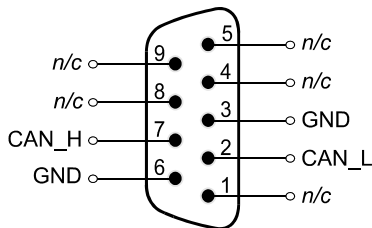
The scope of supply normally consists of the following parts:

- └ Bus converter module
- └ AC adaptor
- └ User manual

2 Installation

2.1 Connecting the High-speed CAN Side

The PCAN-B10011S is designed for a direct connection to a HS-CAN component (PCAN-Dongle, for example). The HS-CAN side has a **female** Sub-D connector (9 pins) with a pin assignment according to CiA recommendation DS 102.

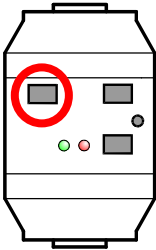


n/c = not connected

Figure 1: Assignment of the HS-CAN connector

Between CAN_L and CAN_H a switchable **termination** with a resistance of about 120 Ω is installed internally. Therefore an additional line termination is not needed for the connected HS-CAN component.

If the PCAN-B10011S shall not be connected directly to a HS-CAN adapter and shall not become the endpoint of a HS-CAN bus, the termination can be set inoperable with the corresponding slide switch (see following figure and table).



HS-CAN-termination	Switch position
120 Ω	left
none	right

2.2 Connecting the Truck Trailer CAN Side

For the connection of the Truck Trailer CAN bus a 9-pin **male** Sub-D port is used. The assignment is as follows:

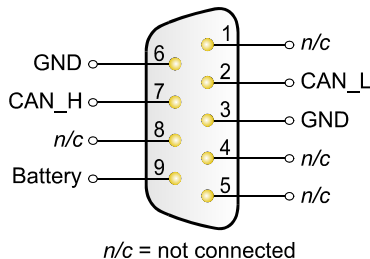


Figure 2: Assignment of the Truck Trailer CAN connector

Optionally the power supply of the PCAN-B10011S can be done via pin 9 (see following section).

2.3 Power Supply

The PCAN-B10011S can be supplied with power either via the Truck Trailer CAN bus (pin 9 "Battery") or independently via the low-voltage connector (e.g. with an AC adaptor). In both cases a nominal DC voltage of 24 Volts should be available.

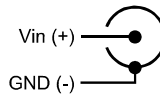


Figure 3: Assignment of the low-voltage connector socket



Note: A simultaneous connection of both supply ways isn't problematic, because the power supply with the higher voltage (usually the one of the AC adaptor) is used automatically due to the circuit design. It is ensured that current cannot run from one power supply to the other.

In principle higher or lower input voltages than 24 V may be applied (8 – 30 V). However, at high potential differences to system voltages of other Truck Trailer CAN nodes communication errors may occur. You can find hints for solving those problems in section 4.2 *Adjusting the Internal System Voltage*.

The **green LED** at the housing of the PCAN-B10011S indicates an existing power supply.

3 operation

When putting the PCAN-B10011S into operation please observe the following sections.

3.1 Transfer Rate

For operating the PCAN-B10011S pay attention to the transfer rate of the connected HS-CAN component. It should match the transfer rate of the Truck Trailer CAN bus. No conversion or automatic adaptation of the transfer rate is done in the PCAN-B10011S.

Further more the maximum transfer rate of 125 kBit/s should not be exceeded.

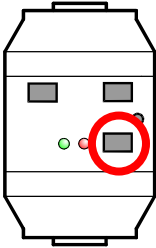
3.2 Active/Passive Operation

During the active operation mode (normal case) the PCAN-B10011S can both receive as well as transmit on the Truck Trailer CAN side. For monitoring the CAN traffic without affecting it the setting for the passive operation is applicable. In this case the transmission unit of the PCAN-B10011S is disconnected from the Truck Trailer CAN. Also the acknowledge signal (ACK bit) typically used by CAN cannot be transmitted then.



Note: For a simple point-to-point connection between two nodes both must be able to receive and transmit. Therefore only the active operation will work in this case.

The selection between active and passive operation is done with the corresponding slide switch (see figure and table).



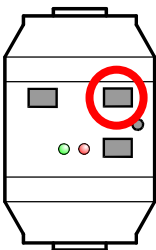
Operation mode	Switch position
Active („Normal“)	right
Passive („Listen only“)	left

3.3 Master/Slave

At least one node must be configured as master in a Truck Trailer CAN. The master determines the signal levels for communication on the bus. Further nodes on the bus being configured as slaves automatically adapt to the given signal levels and are then able to transmit, too.

In principle more than one node may operate as master. If, however, the signal levels of the masters differ are in a large range due to different battery voltages or potentials, communication errors may occur. See also section 4.2 *Adjusting the Internal System Voltage*.

The selection between master and slave operation is done with the corresponding slide switch (see figure and table).



Operation mode	Switch position
Master	left
Slave	right

4 Communication Problems

This section is dealing with the detection of communication problems and the possibilities of adjustments and settings at the PCAN-B10011S to analyze those problems and solve them.



Tip: You can find additional information about the properties and the behavior of the Truck Trailer CAN transceiver B10011S in the corresponding data sheet, which you can download from the web site of Atmel (<http://www.atmel.com>).

4.1 Red LED "Error"

The red LED indicates the state of the error output of the Truck Trailer CAN transceiver. This output is active for the following error conditions on the Truck Trailer CAN side:

- └ Interrupt on CAN_H
- └ Interrupt on CAN_L
- └ Short circuit between CAN_H and GND
- └ Short circuit between CAN_H and VCC
- └ Short circuit between CAN_L and GND
- └ Short circuit between CAN_L and VCC
- └ Transient disturbance caused by an overvoltage pulse between CAN_L and CAN_H (e.g. when switching an inductive load)

4.2 Adjusting the Internal System Voltage

Due to differences in the potentials between parts of bodyworks or differences of system voltages of the nodes a communication may be detected as faulty or the communication may be impossible at all. When using the external supply of the PCAN-B10011S via the low-voltage connector socket you have the possibility to adjust the internal system voltage to the conditions on the bus (usually by lowering the voltage). This is done with the trimmer.

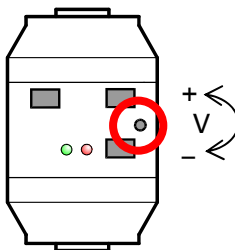
At delivery the trimmer is pre-adjusted, so that the internal system voltage is 24 V when using the provided AC adaptor. The voltage may be varied in the range of about 11 to 26 V.



Note: Before adjusting the internal system voltage make sure that the occurring communication problems are not an effect of short circuits or line interruptions. Further more a single-wire operation mode should not be active (see following section 4.3).

▶ To adjust the internal system voltage:

For lowering the voltage turn the trimmer clockwise until the communication errors are not occurring anymore and the red LED goes off.



4.3 Single-Wire Operation Modes

Normally the Truck Trailer CAN transceiver works with the two data lines CAN_L and CAN_H. For testing or verification a single-wire operation can be set up (communication only via line CAN_L or CAN_H). This is done with two Dip switches on the circuit board of the PCAN-B10011S.

➡ To set up the single-wire operation:

In order to access the Dip switches you must open the housing of the PCAN-B10011S. With a flat tip screwdriver separate the upper and lower casing parts by carefully pressing into the four gaps and lever the housing open.

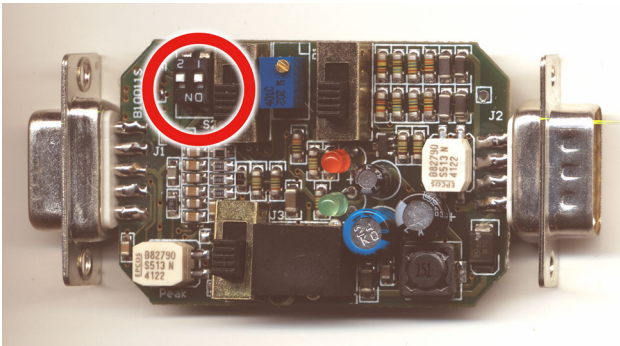


Figure 4: Position of the Dip switches on the circuit board

You can find the possible setup combinations of the Dip switches (S2-1, S2-2) in the following table. Pay attention to the lettering on the Dip switch block.

Operation Mode	S2-1	S2-2
Normal	off	off
Single-wire CAN_L	ON	off
Single-wire CAN_H	off	ON
Transceiver not operational	ON	ON



Note: If one of the operation modes beside "Normal" is set, the red LED indicates an error (see also section 4.1 *Red LED "Error"*).

5 Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

Question	Answer
How do I configure the transfer rate at the bus converter?	Not at all! The PCAN-B10011S doesn't convert the incoming data with regard to timing. Because of this it doesn't have direct influence on the transfer rate. This is determined by the nodes of the connected CAN. You should make sure to use the same transfer rate for both the connected HS-CAN component and all nodes in the Truck Trailer CAN.

6 Technical specifications

Supply voltage	+24 V DC nominal, +8 – +30 V DC possible
Current consumption	about 35 mA (at 24 V) max. 110 mA
HS-CAN	ISO 11898-2 Sub-D socket (according to CiA DS 102) Transceiver Philips PCA82C251 Internal bus termination with 120 Ω (switchable)
Truck Trailer CAN	ISO 11992 Sub-D plug Transceiver Atmel B10011S Modes: Master and Slave, active and passive
Transfer rate	max. 125 kBit/s
Degree of protection	IP20
EMC directives	EN 55022:1999 EN 55024:2002 EC directive 73/023/EWG EC directive 89/336/EWG EC directive 91/263/EWG EC directive 92/031/EWG EC directive 93/068/EWG
Operating temperature	-40 – +85 °C -40 – +185 °F
Temperature for storage and transport	-40 – +100 °C -40 – +212 °F
Relative humidity	15 – 90 %, not condensing
Size	about 79 x 43 x 22 mm (3 1/8 x 1 11/16 x 7/8 inches)
Weight	max. 50 g (1.8 oz.)

Design and specifications are subject to change without notice.

Appendix A Certificates

A.1 CE

PCAN-B10011S
PEAK-System Technik GmbH

EC declaration of conformity



Notes on the CE Symbol



The following applies to the PCAN-B10011S Bus Converter High-Speed / Truck Trailer CAN IPEH-002041.

EC Directive

This product fulfills the requirements of EC directive 89/336/EEC on "Electromagnetic Compatibility," and is designed for the following fields of application as per the CE marking:

Electromagnetic Immunity

DIN EN 55024, Publication date: 2003-10
Information technology equipment, immunity characteristics. Limits and methods of measurement (IEC/CISPR 24:1997, modified + A1:2001 + A2:2003);
German version EN 55024:1998 + A1:2001 + A2:2003

Electromagnetic Emission

DIN EN 55022, Publication date: 2003-9
Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (IEC/CISPR 22:1997, modified + A1:2000 + A2:2003);
German version EN 55022:1998 + Corrigendum:2001 + A1:2000 + A2:2003

Declarations of Conformity

In accordance with the above mentioned EU directives, the EC declarations of conformity and the associated documentation are held at the disposal of the competent authorities at the address below:

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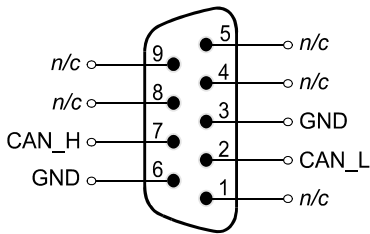
phone: +49 6151 81 73-20
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Signed this 1st day of March 2005

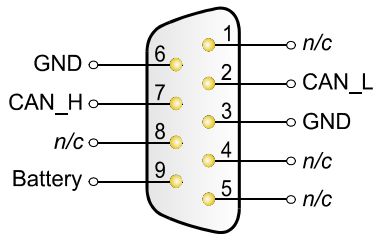
Appendix B Quick Reference

HS-CAN socket



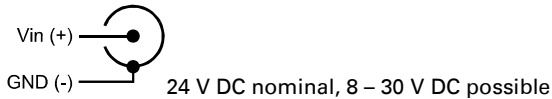
n/c = not connected

Truck Trailer CAN plug

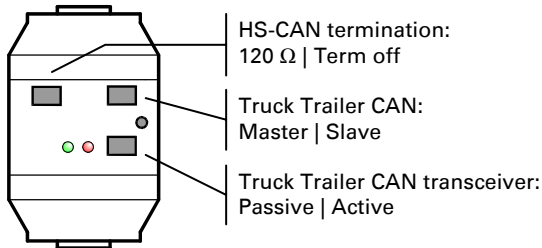


n/c = not connected

Low voltage connector socket



Slide switches



Indicator LEDs

Green "Power" Voltage supply
Red "Error" Error condition on the Truck Trailer CAN bus

Transfer rate

Is configured in the connected HS-CAN component.